

Silchester International Investors LLP
(FRN 526527)
MIFIDPRU Disclosure Statement
20th May 2026

Introduction

The Financial Conduct Authority's ("FCA") Investment Firms Prudential Regime ("IFPR") applies to UK firms authorised under the Markets in Financial Instruments Directive ("MiFID"). The regulation that formalises this regime is called MIFIDPRU. This document has been prepared for Silchester International Investors LLP ("**Silchester**") on an unconsolidated basis in compliance with the rules and guidance set out in the FCA Handbook.

Silchester is a private limited liability partnership that provides discretionary investment management services primarily to institutional clients through commingled funds established, operated and managed by the firm. Silchester Continuation Limited ("**SCL**") is a member of Silchester and holds a significant proportion of Silchester's capital. Silchester has one wholly owned subsidiary, Silchester International Investors, Inc. ("**SII Inc.**"). There are no current or foreseen material, practical or legal impediments to transfers of capital between Silchester and SII Inc.

Basis of Disclosure

Silchester's financial year ends each year on 31st March. Unless otherwise noted, all data in this document is as of 31st March 2026. Silchester must update this document on an annual basis and/or in the event of a major change to its business model. This document has not been audited.

Operational Risk Management

The Business Supervisory Group (the "**Supervisory Group**") is responsible for the firm's risk strategy, its risk appetite and ensuring risk is monitored and controlled effectively. The Supervisory Group consults the Compliance Group and Operational Risk Management Group before deciding to make (i) material investments, loans or capital expenditures; (ii) material changes in its cost structure, base salaries or the level of member drawings; or (iii) material repayments of member's capital. Silchester's operational risk management framework is updated when needed to reflect material changes in Silchester's business, capital obligations or resource requirements. Silchester's operational risk appetite is regularly reviewed.

Silchester's Operational Risk Management Group is responsible for oversight of the risk management framework which monitors each of Silchester's material business activities and, together with the Compliance Group, ensures continuous compliance with the FCA rules, SEC legislation, and other relevant government regulations.

As a result of its normal business activities, Silchester is exposed to a variety of risks, the most significant of which are market risk, business risk (including operational risk), liquidity risk, and limited exposure to credit risk.

- **Market Risk.** *The risk that the value of, or income arising from, assets and liabilities varies as a result of changes in interest rates, exchange rates or other market prices.* Silchester has no trading book and does not invest in commodities, futures, options or derivatives. Other than risks that arise from market prices on its commingled fund investments, Silchester's market risk is predominantly limited to foreign exchange fluctuations where Silchester's assets and liabilities are denominated in currencies other than GBP. Non-GBP assets primarily comprise investments in the UCITS vehicles

and a proportion of cash deposits. Silchester regularly assesses its foreign exchange needs and exposures and does not actively seek foreign exchange exposures via forward currency hedging.

- **Business Risk.** *The risk that a firm may not be able to carry out its business plan and/or desired strategy.* The principal business risks facing Silchester are:
 - **Operational Risk.** *The risk of loss, or breach of contractual requirements, resulting from inadequate or failed internal processes, people or systems; human error; or external events.* This includes the risk of loss or breach arising from the inadequate supervision of third-party service providers. Silchester seeks to mitigate these risks by (i) keeping its business simple; (ii) taking advantage of technology; (iii) identifying and managing sources of risk, stress testing those risks and maintaining insurance or other capital to offset financial losses; (iv) documenting procedures; and (v) reviewing material business operations on a periodic basis.
 - **Concentration Risk.** *The risk that exposures to specific sectors or asset concentration could result in losses.* Silchester invests client assets principally in publicly traded non-US equity securities. Silchester's business could suffer (i) from a decline in its investment performance, (ii) a change of sentiment on the part of institutional investors away from publicly traded international equity securities and/or a shift of their asset allocations to private equity, hedge funds, commodities or other types of investments, or (iii) a sharp appreciation of the US dollar.
 - **Insurance Risk.** *The risk of a failure of insurance cover.* Silchester maintains fiduciary liability (e.g., professional indemnity), crime (e.g., errors and omissions), ERISA and cybersecurity insurance at a level and with a deductible that Silchester considers appropriate for the business. Silchester seeks to obtain insurance only from well capitalised insurance firms to minimise the risk of loss arising from insurance risk.
- **Liquidity Risk.** *The risk that a firm may have insufficient liquid resources to cover cash flow shortfalls or fluctuations in funding and be unable to meet its obligations as they fall due.* Silchester has no borrowing and is not dependent on external financing. Silchester has some exposure if a banking counterparty suffers severe financial distress and is unable to return some or all of Silchester's cash deposits. Silchester maintains sufficient assets in liquid form to meet its obligations as they arise and in practice the business has little liquidity risk.
- **Credit Risk.** *The potential risk that arises from clients or counterparties failing to meet their obligations as they fall due.* Silchester's exposure to credit risk is limited and Silchester has adopted a standardised approach to managing residual credit risks. Risks are limited to that arising in respect of unpaid investment management fees, commingled fund investments, cash deposits and prepaid expenses. Fees are calculated on an ad valorem basis in arrears and are normally paid within four business days of each month end. Silchester's investments comprise units in two Irish UCITS. Silchester's cash deposits are primarily held in current accounts offered by major banking institution(s). No provisions have to date been required in respect of asset impairment or non-recovery. Credit risk arising in relation to prepaid expenses is not material.

Governance

The Supervisory Group notes the material risks that face Silchester's investment management business. The Supervisory Group meets regularly. The Supervisory Group is responsible for ensuring that Silchester has a suitably robust operational risk management framework in place to make sure that risks are adequately identified, assessed, and mitigated. Although the Supervisory Group has overall responsibility for oversight of the business, it delegates day to day responsibilities to various business groups. Each business group is required to meet regularly and provide certain reports to the Supervisory Group. The Supervisory Group currently has four members.

	Other Directorships Requiring Disclosure
Tim Linehan (Chair and Head of Operations)	<u>Director</u> Silchester Partners Limited Silchester Continuation Limited <u>Non-Executive Director</u> Highclere Investment Management Limited Sanderson Partners Limited (in liquidation) Cape Ann Asset Management Limited
Ray Cheung (Head of Investment Administration)	<u>Non-Executive Director</u> Kilteam Limited Edgbaston Limited
Farias Parakh (Head of Marketing and Client Service)	<u>Director</u> Silchester International Investors, Inc.
Hugh McCaffrey (Head of Stewardship Group)	No other directorships.

Own Funds

Under MIFIDPRU, Silchester is required to disclose:

1. The composition of Silchester's Own Funds;
2. A reconciliation of Silchester's Own Funds to the balance sheet presented in the most recent set of audited financial statements; and,
3. A description of any material aspects of Silchester's Own Funds.

(1) Composition of Own Funds:

	Item	Amount (in GBP as of 31 st March 2026)	Page Reference in Silchester's audited Financial Statements
1	OWN FUNDS	31,717	Sum of items below
2	TIER 1 CAPITAL	-	
3	COMMON EQUITY TIER 1 CAPITAL	31,717	Sum of items below
4	Members' capital classified as equity	20,000	Members' capital classified as equity (Page 14)
5	Share premium	-	
6	Retained earnings	-	
7	Accumulated other comprehensive income	-	
8	Other reserves	15,622	Revaluation Reserve (Page 14)
9	Adjustments to CET1 due to prudential filters	-	
10	Other funds	-	
11	(-)TOTAL DEDUCTIONS FROM COMMON EQUITY TIER 1	3,905	Revaluation reserve tax deduction
19	CET1: Other capital elements, deductions and adjustments	-	
20	ADDITIONAL TIER 1 CAPITAL	-	
21	Fully paid up, directly issued capital instruments	-	
22	Share premium	-	
23	(-) TOTAL DEDUCTIONS FROM ADDITIONAL TIER 1	-	
24	Additional Tier 1: Other capital elements, deductions and adjustments	-	
25	TIER 2 CAPITAL	-	
26	Fully paid up, directly issued capital instruments	-	
27	Share premium	-	
28	(-) TOTAL DEDUCTIONS FROM TIER 2	-	
29	Tier 2: Other capital elements, deductions and adjustments	-	

(2) Reconciliation of Own Funds to the Balance Sheet set out in the Audited Financial Statements.

	a	b	c
	Amount per Silchester's audited Financial Statements	Under regulatory scope of consolidation	Page Reference in Silchester's audited Financial Statements
Assets - Breakdown by asset classes according to the Partnership's balance sheet in the audited financial statements			
Investments	36,692	-	Page 14
Fixed Assets	2,701	-	Page 14
Debtors	68,224	-	Page 14
Cash and short-term deposits	2,212	-	Page 14
Total Assets	109,829		-
Liabilities - Breakdown by liability classes according to the Partnership's balance sheet in the audited financial statements			
Creditors	30,827	-	Page 14
Members' capital classified as a liability	1,440	-	Page 14
Total Liabilities	32,267	-	-
Equity			
Members' capital classified as equity	20,000	-	Page 14 Note: Additional £6m capital added in May 2025
Revaluation Reserve	15,622	-	Page 14
Other reserves	41,940	-	Page 14
Total Shareholders' equity	77,562	-	-

(3) Description of Own Funds

Silchester's Own Funds consists of two components:

- Capital provided by SCL is permanent in nature and is not repayable except in extraordinary circumstances. It is included in Own Funds as provided by FCA rules. Capital contributed by individual members can be repaid and is shown as a liability.
- Silchester has invested the permanent regulatory capital provided by SCL into two UCITS vehicles. The Calleva Trust is a UCITS. Silchester is the investment manager for the UCITS. Unrealised gains/losses on these investments is reflected in the revaluation reserve.

Own Funds Threshold Requirement

Silchester's Own Funds Threshold Requirement is the largest of the following items:

- *Permanent Minimum Capital established by FCA Rules.* This is currently £75,000;
- *Fixed Overhead Requirement.* Broadly speaking, this is equal to 25% of annual overheads. Silchester's computed Fixed Overhead Requirement as of 31st March 2026 is £5.6m; and,
- *Silchester's 'K' Factors.* Given the structure of its business, the only relevant K-factor to Silchester is K-AUM. Broadly speaking, a firm's K-AUM requirement is equal to 0.02% of average MiFID AUM. Silchester's computed K-factor total as of 31st March 2026 is £764k.

The Own Funds Threshold Requirement is increased if amounts need to be retained to meet costs related to harm from ongoing operations or an orderly wind down. Using conservative assumptions, Silchester determined that £14.648m of excess costs would be incurred in a wind down situation. Silchester's Own Funds Threshold Requirement is £14.648m.

Overall Financial Adequacy Rule

The Overall Financial Adequacy Rule states that Silchester must, at all times, hold Own Funds and liquid assets which are adequate, both in their amount and quality, to ensure Silchester is able to (i) remain financially viable through the economic cycle, (ii) address any material risks arising from its

ongoing activities and (iii) be wound up in an orderly manner. Silchester has Own Funds that are above its Own Funds Requirement and liquid assets that are above its liquid asset threshold. As a result, Silchester complies with the Overall Financial Adequacy Rule.

Level of Own Funds Held £'000	Own Funds Threshold Requirement £'000	Excess £'000
31,717	14,648	17,069

The equivalent position for liquid asset is as follows:

Core Liquid Assets £'000	Liquid Assets Threshold Requirement £'000	Excess £'000
31,717	5,563	26,154

ICARA Process Document

Silchester has prepared an Internal Capital Adequacy and Risk Assessment document (“**ICARA**”). As a long only asset manager that invests client assets primarily in publicly traded non-US equity securities, Silchester is principally exposed to operational risk and market risk. There is, however, some small exposure to additional business risks and credit risk. These are typical for an asset management business. Silchester’s Chief Compliance Officer and Head of Operational Risk are independent of the investment function, and monitor and manage risk exposures with input from Silchester’s business groups. In assessing operational risk appetite, consideration has been given to identifying the material risks facing Silchester’s business. The ICARA process involves various stress tests. The ICARA is updated on an annual basis and periodically if a material change occurs in the risk or business profile of the firm.

Remuneration Code Provisions

For the purposes of these disclosures, Silchester International Investors LLP and Silchester International Investors, Inc. are referred to as “**Silchester**”.

- **Link between pay and performance:** Silchester’s limited liability partnership agreement (the “**LLP Agreement**”) governs Silchester’s business. The LLP Agreement specifies the ratio of profits less direct costs before any remuneration or drawings (internally referred to as profits before remuneration and tax or “**PBRT**”) to be shared. These ratios ensure that employees and members are focused on growing Silchester’s business in a profitable and efficient manner.
- **Decision-making process for determining remuneration:** Responsibility for determining remuneration and partnership participation levels rests with the Remuneration Group which seeks to obtain feedback on the performance and contribution of each individual employee or member. Remuneration and partnership distributions are not based on the profitability of any specific investment recommendation, the implementation of a given trade(s), the growth/retention of any particular investor, or the age, religion, gender, sexual orientation, ethnicity, or disability of any member of staff. Broad parameters have been established to reward individuals having regard to contribution and ownership of responsibility, reliability and total remuneration. Market levels are also considered. Variable remuneration payments are primarily made in the form of cash bonuses. Variable remuneration (i.e., bonuses and discretionary drawings) are only paid after Silchester ensures that FCA capital and liquidity requirements are satisfied. The Remuneration Group makes adjustments, where required, to reflect risk adjustments and individual performance.
- **Policy on Alignment and Co-Investment:** All employees and working members must normally invest 10% of total gross remuneration arising with respect to any given financial year into SCL shares. Choice is available as to timing but if insufficient investment has been made by the time final bonuses and/or partnership distributions are paid, the balance will normally be deducted from the final payment. Where an employee or working member is not eligible to purchase SCL shares

(e.g., during a probationary period or when an individual and/or their families control more than 15% of Silchester Partners Limited (“SPL”) shares), these individuals must invest 10% of total gross annualised remuneration arising with respect to any given financial year into the commingled funds forming part of Silchester's international equity programme. The investments made under this policy cannot be sold until an individual resigns, retires from or otherwise leaves the firm.

- Remuneration Code Staff Criteria: Because of its small size and the responsibilities assumed, Silchester considers all permanent staff to be material risk takers under the FCA’s Certification Regime and/or they hold a Senior Manager Function. As a result, all permanent staff are deemed Remuneration Code Staff.
- Quantitative Remuneration Disclosures:
Remuneration paid to Remuneration Code Staff for the year ended 31st March 2026:

	GBP
Total amount of remuneration (inclusive of distributions allocated to members)	96 million

- Silchester had 27 permanent staff.
- Details of remuneration awarded to senior management and/or other material risk takers has been aggregated so that individual remuneration figures are not disclosed.
- Aggregate base salaries, monthly drawings and other elements of fixed remuneration accounted for less than 25% of the above.
- No material guaranteed remuneration or severance payments were made during the period.